

P-CLAD



Before starting any Eurobrick Systems installation, please read the instructions carefully.

If any questions do arise, contact our Technical Support Department by calling 0117 971 7117 or emailing info@eurobrick.co.uk. Alternatively, you can write to us at: Unit 5, Newbridge Trading Estate, Newbridge Close, Bristol, BS4 4AX.

PRODUCT DATA

PANEL: 10mm thick Cement Particle board with Eurobrick's high impact styrene ribbed skin pre-bonded to it. Each Eurobrick Systems panel measures, nominally, 1200mm x 2400mm. The horizontal brick tracks running the 1200mm width, align and support the brick slips so that brick courses are formed accurately and easily.

BRICKS: All Eurobrick Systems brick slips are kiln fired clay. All Britannia Range bricks are nominally sized:

Straights 215mm x 65mm x 14-15mm

Corners 215mm x 65mm x 102mm x 65mm x 14-15mm

Classic Range brick slips are cut in thicknesses from 20 –25mm thick.

FASTENERS: Stainless steel washer, 36mm diameter, used in conjunction with a wood or metal screw.

ADHESIVE: Specifically formulated one part polyurethane moisture curing, non-hardening which remains gunable even at temperatures as low as 2°C, for normal applications. Alternatively, one part high grab MS polymer adhesive.

PLEASE NOTE: Adhesive cures in temperatures of 5°C and above.

MORTAR: Eurobrick Systems' Europoint premixed mortar is specially formulated to enhance ease of application, adhesion properties and flexibility. Just add clean water.

INSTALLED SYSTEM WEIGHT: System weight approx 53–55kg/ square metre, subject to specification.

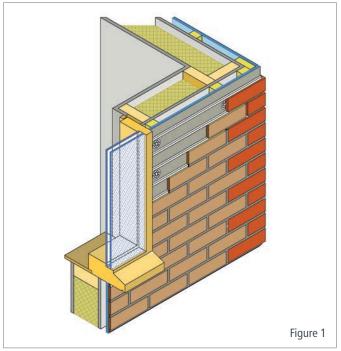
APPLICATIONS

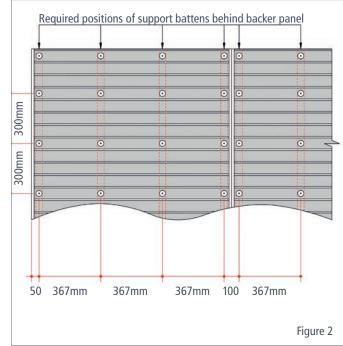
P-Clad is for use as an external sheathing on structures and is usually applied to timber battens or steel brackets or similar. See Figure 1.

Do not install over asbestos cladding. Application over steel, aluminium or vinyl cladding is not recommended unless the P-Clad panels can be attached directly to the existing stud configuration.

Where stud positions do not align with P-Clad fixing requirements some device to correct this should be used such as horizontal rails or an additional layer of plywood or CP board etc.

PLEASE NOTE: Substrate surfaces must be dry, flat and stable.





CERTIFIED SYSTEMS PERFORMANCE

Where required, Eurobrick Systems will provide BBA test certification for published fire and structural data covering systems designed and constructed according to its published specifications. Tests are conducted on specific products assembled to meet performance requirements of established test procedures specified by various agencies.

LIMITATIONS

- **1 APPLICATION TEMPERATURE RANGE** Eurobrick Systems should not be applied to surfaces that will exceed 140°F (60°C).
- 2. SUPPORTING FRAME MEMBER SPACING Where P-Clad panels are to be fixed to battens or studs (creating a cavity), these must be set out to satisfy system fixing requirements. There must be 4 vertical fixing members behind each 1.2m wide panel See Figure 2 (page 2).
- 3. FIRE RATING The surface spread of flame classification for the system is Class O or 'low risk' as defined in the Building Regulations. P-Clad has been tested for fire performance in accordance with BS8414-2:205 and found to comply with the requirements of BR135 Annex B: 2013 and certified for installation on some buildings over 18m high. Contact us for details of tested construction designs.

ORDERING

System materials are priced to suit particular project requirements.

When ordering please state the nett area of the wall and give the total linear metres of the corner length, identifying dimensions of external corners, window reveals and heads. Please also advise base trim and expansion joint requirements.

FASTENERS: To be installed 15 per square metre (minimum). Please specify substrate type (timber, metal) when ordering.

MORTAR: Specially formulated to provide superior bonding strength. Packaged in 25kg bags; 1 bag covers approximately 2.5–4 square metres subject to brick thickness.

TOOLS

To ensure ease of installation we recommend you have the following tools:

- 120mm diameter powered disk cutter or wet saw
- 250-300mm diameter powered disk cutter
- Adhesive applicator gun*
- Pointing bag with metal tip*
- Joint pointing tool*
- Powered screwdriver
- 2m level
- Chalk line
- Utility knife*
- Measuring tape
- Marker pen
- * See Eurobrick's accessories list

PLEASE NOTE: You will need a masonry saw with a diamond edged blade if any angular or horizontal cutting of brick is required. Suitable PPE protection must be worn.

DELIVERY

Materials are normally palletised. Delivery may be by courier or dedicated vehicle and may have self-offload equipment. Please advise of any particular site requirements or restrictions at time of ordering.

All deliveries must be thoroughly inspected prior to signing delivery note and any damage or missing items should be noted on the delivery note and notified to Eurobrick immediately.

MATERIAL HANDLING AND STORAGE System materials must be safely handled and stored to prevent damage. Panels should be protected from wind damage. Brick slips should be kept clean and dry. Mortar and adhesive should be stored under cover in dry conditions.





For more information please visit our website at www.eurobrick.co.uk

PANEL INSTALLATION

PLACEMENT OF FIRST PANEL

The first panel may be positioned anywhere along the wall, we suggest beginning at an outside corner.

Align the panel in such a way as to obtain a full 65mm brick at the soffit or top edge of the wall or refer to another consistent datum such as window head height.

When you have established the proper height, place the 2m level in the brick track and level the panel. It is important that panels are levelled by reference to the rib/brick track and not the edge of the panel itself. The ribbed skin may not be perfectly square with the corner panel.

CUTTING PANELS



Where panels have to be cut, this must be done carefully, using a suitable saw. Ensure panel is safely supported from below during cutting. Cutting should be done in a well ventilated location.

PANEL FASTENING

FASTENING LAYOUT

P-Clad panels are normally fixed to vertical battens or studs, top hats or other bracket systems. These must be located accurately to coincide with system design fastener layout. See Figure 2 (page 2).

Fasteners should be used at a rate of approximately 15 per square metre or: 1 fastener every 4 courses vertically and 4 across the panel horizontally starting 45-50mm from each edge.

PLEASE NOTE: that top and bottom courses of every panel or part panel must be properly retained with a row of fasteners.

Where severe wind loads are anticipated additional fasteners should be fixed every other course at building corners and openings.





Fixing holes must be drilled and countersunk to ensure fasteners sit flat with surface of panel. Support the panel on two or three timber bearers on the ground, or on the top of the stack of panels, transposing the positions of the battens to the panel to establish the required positions of the holes. Then drill and countersink the holes before the panels are offered up to the wall.

When installing stone slips or heavier brick slips, extra fasteners should be used at a rate of every other course throughout.

When stacking panels one above another for multi-storey application, be sure to overlap bottom polystyrene skin drip edge of top panel over top of lower panel taking care to maintain correct coursing alignment. The horizontal joints must be sealed.



JOINTING TAPE

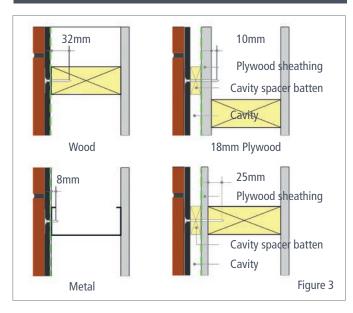
Jointing tape or adhesive must be used to seal all panel abutments/ joints to prevent water penetration. Adhesive or sealant can be used. Failure to seal joints will void the warranty.



FASTENING TO WOOD OR METAL STUDS

- 1. Insert wood or metal screw into the stainless steel washer.
- 2. Drive the fastener in with the electric screw gun.

IMPORTANT: To achieve proper attachment the panel fasteners must penetrate the various substrates as shown in Figure 3. The substrate must be flat and stable and strong enough to provide firm anchorage for fixings. Where fixing to thinner sheathings, it is recommended that fixings penetrate the sheathing and the supporting member. See Figure 3 (page 5).



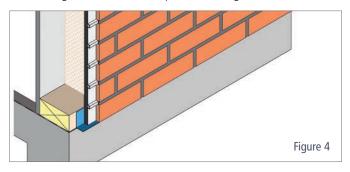
BASE TRIM

Before fastening the bottom 610mm of the panel, we recommend the installation of our base trim. The base trim will protect the bottom edge of the panel and brick slips from damage. See Figure 4.

Aluminium base trim can be supplied as part of the Eurobrick system.

INSTALLATION

- 1. Trim the lowest rib from the bottom edge of the panel.
- 2. Insert the base trim.
- 3. Use a single brick as a guide to set the trim at the proper height. From trim to underside of next rib should be 75mm.
- 4. Fasten the base trim and panel together to the substrate following the instructions for panel fastening.



PANEL INSTALLATION AT CORNERS

INSIDE CORNER

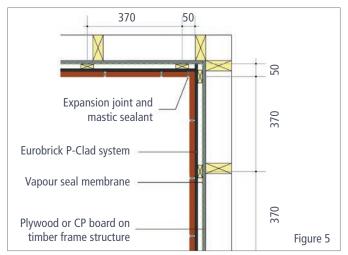
When installing the panel at an inside corner, butt the edge of the panel up to the face of the panel on the adjoining wall and seal with adhesive. Brick slips should be cut into corners on alternate courses so as to replicate the alternate course internal corner bonding of full brickwork. See Figure 5.

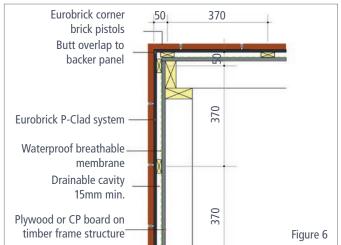
If required, mastic sealant can be applied to close corner joint.

OUTSIDE CORNER

When installing panels at an outside corner there are two important things to remember.

- 1. Panels must overlap to prevent the creation of a void in the area behind brick and be sealed with tape or adhesive to weather the joint. See Figure 6.
- 2. Where severe wind loading is anticipated additional fasteners should be installed every other course at external corners.
- 3. Align the brick tracks of the two corner panels, at the corner very carefully to ensure continuity of the working level around the building.

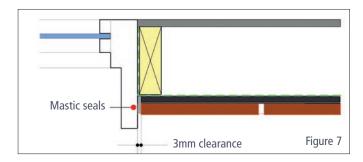






PANEL INSTALLATION AT DOORS, WINDOWS AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS

When cutting panels to fit around windows, doors and other obstructions, allow a clearance of approximately 3mm between the edge of the panel and the obstruction. See Figure 7.



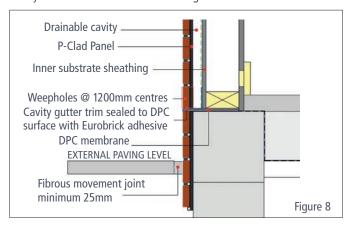
PANEL INSTALLATION AT TERMINATION

P-Clad should not be installed below ground level if there is risk of permanent exposure to moisture. To cover concrete/masonry foundations, X-Clad system can be used or brickslips attached directly to substrate.

BELOW GROUND

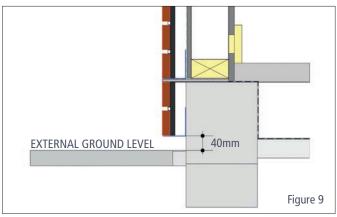
When pavement or road surfaces are to be installed next to Eurobrick Systems, care must be taken to prevent damage caused by movement through settling, expansion and freeze/thaw cycles. A fibrous control joint (minimum 25mm) must be placed between the building and the pavement, road or natural ground to allow independent movement.

Please note, where cavity included, provide weepholes through the system at 1200mm centres. See Figure 8.



ABOVE GROUND

Where the system is to terminate above ground, we suggest a gap of 40mm is allowed above ground/paving finishes. This is to allow for expansion/heave and prevents damage to the bottom of the cladding system. In colder climates or expansive soils, allow greater clearance as required. See Figure 9.

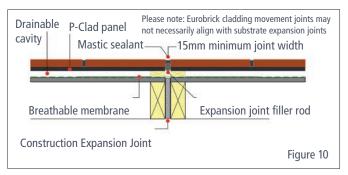


PANEL EXPANSION JOINT INSTALLATION

To prevent damage resulting from the natural expansion and movement of brick, expansion joints must be constructed. The following is a general guide for expansion joint location. See expansion joint Figure 10.

- 1. In large walls, every 6m horizontally and vertically. The initial movement joint should be located 1200mm to 2400mm from the building corners.
- 2. Where walls of different heights intersect.
- 3. Between new and existing construction.
- 4. Where dissimilar exterior wall materials meet.
- 5. Between every other floor.

PLEASE NOTE: Eurobrick cladding movement joints may not necessarily align with substrate expansion joints.



FIRE BREAKS

Some installations will require design and construction of fire break details to cavities and/or the system in accordance with Building Regulations requirements. Please call to discuss.

We can assist with basic design ideas for fire breaks, but responsibility for appropriate detailing remains with the architect or qualified fire engineer.



BRICK APPLICATION

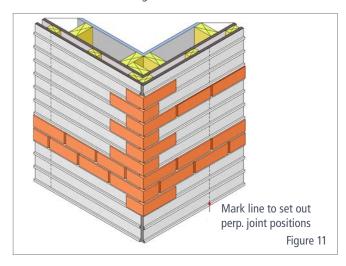
SURFACE PREPARATION

Make certain that panel and brick surfaces are dust free and dry. Failure to do so will result in poor adhesion to the brick panel.

SETTING OUT

Start by attaching corner bricks to most visible outside corner.

- 1. Apply a single 10-12mm bead of adhesive to the inside faces of corner bricks. Push them into the track profile. Once the corners are placed use a straight edge to align them as well as possible.
- 2. To determine brick spacing and setting out, apply 10-12mm bead of adhesive to two courses on the panel and fix slips along two courses as far as first natural break (door/corner/expansion joint). Try to space bricks with 10mm vertical joints, but so that end of run finishes with whole or half brick. Joints can be opened or closed within range of 7 or 8mm to 15mm to assist. Joints should be consistent size. See Figure 11.



BRICK MIXING: Please note brick slips can vary in length and colour shade. Slips should be mixed from various boxes/pallets to ensure even distribution of brick characteristics.

- 3. When the desired spacing is achieved, use a spirit level and marker pen to draw vertical plumb lines on the panels. These should be drawn every 5 or 6 bricks across the wall. Pairs of lines should be drawn to allow correct alignment in bond of alternating courses. Fix slips at plumb lines first before filling in remaining spaces.
- 4. Where working around windows and doors the bond may be broken. Avoid using pieces less than half a brick and use additional cut pieces such as three-quarter closers to maintain reasonable bond pattern.

Another factor in brick spacing is whether or not there are obstructions in the wall.



WITHOUT OBSTRUCTIONS

If the wall has no obstructions lay two courses of brick working to the next inside or outside corner or expansion joint. Space the brick to allow a full brick at the corner. Ensure joints are consistent size.

When you have achieved the desired spacing, draw plumb lines on the panels as described previously. The plumb line serves as a reference for every other course. For courses with no plumb line, be sure to centre the brick on the vertical joint of the course above and below.

WITH OBSTRUCTIONS – DOORS, WINDOWS AND OTHER OBSTRUCTIONS

Adjust the brick spacing to prevent the need for a mortar joint or very small piece of brick at the edge of the window, door or obstruction. Try to avoid using pieces smaller than a half brick adjacent to doors and windows.

When the desired spacing has been achieved, section the wall as described previously.

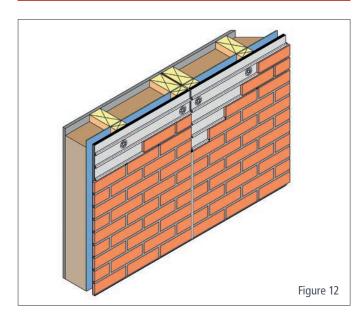
CAUTION: Do not leave unbricked panels exposed to direct sunlight for more than 24 hours. Excessive exposure may have a detrimental effect on panel composition, from UV light and climate conditions.



EXPANSION JOINT

Space brick to allow a full brick on both sides of the expansion joint. See Figure 12. Apply appropriate sealant to the expansion joint after brick application.

CAUTION: Do not apply the adhesive or mortar to the expansion joint area.



BRICK LAYOUT EXCEPTION

There are times when it is not possible to run a course of brick to determine proper layout and spacing. In these cases determine the layout mathematically.

The length of a brick is 215mm and the standard mortar joint is 10mm; use 225mm as the standard increment.

PLEASE NOTE: Brick slips may vary in length and therefore some flexibilty in joint size may be required.

BRICK SLIPS INSTALLATION

STANDARD

After plumb lines have been drawn, apply a 10mm bead of adhesive 3/4 of the way up the course. Continue adhesive application for approximately 20 courses. The adhesive should cover the fastener head.



After applying adhesive, push bricks into brick tracks. Repeat the procedure for each successive section.

SOLDIER COURSE

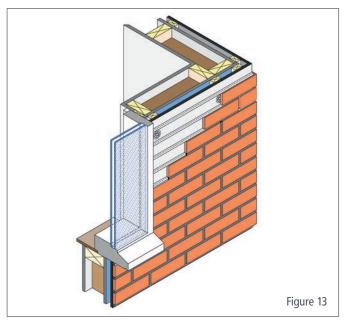
Installing brick slips in vertical soldier courses uses 3 'brick tracks' on the backer panel. To prepare the panel:

- 1. Score through the skin either side of the 2 ribs 'obstructing' the soldier course and peel these ribs off the panel.
- 2. Apply some adhesive to the 'scar' created and smooth off, sealing the cut edges of the skin.
- 3. Apply adhesive to the upper and lower edges of the soldier course, or to the back of the slips if preferred.
- 4. Attach slips in soldier formation taking care to achieve appropriate bond.
- 5. A temporary piece of batten may be required to hold bricks in place while adhesive cures. This can be screw fixed to substrate through the brick joints.

WINDOW AND DOOR OPENINGS

FLUSH

When applying brick around window or door openings which have linings, trims or frame with front faces that are slightly set forward from the front face of the brick slips, place the factory formed edge of the brick slip (not a cut edge) against the lining, trim or frame to provide the best finish. See Figure 13.

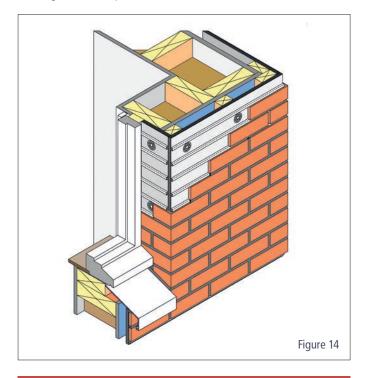




RECESSED

When installing cladding to window and door reveals, (see Figure 14) install to allow a 3mm wide expansion gap between the backer panel fixed to the reveal and the backer panel fixed to the main wall face.

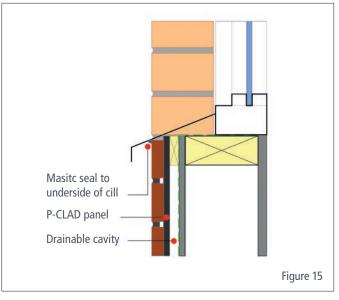
In some cases where the combined thickness of the backer panel and brick slip finish is too thick for the width of the exposed window frame and where it is not possible to install a suitable sub-frame to solve the problem, brick slips can be bonded direct to the substrate. When installing over a timber substrate, the timber should be protected by a membrane and a galvanised wire mesh lathing must be securely fixed to the timber substrate before bonding the brick slips.



CAUTION: Do not attach brick directly to any wood surface.

CILLS

Be sure that window cills extend beyond the brick edge. See Figure 15.



PLEASE NOTE: If the length of the return exceeds 102mm, a combination of corners and straight slips must be used. Where Eurobrick Systems panels are not installed over the window/door reveal area and the brick straights can not be pushed into the brick tracks, we recommend that the slips are held in place using nails tapped into the wall surface at the bottom edge of the brick. Remove nails when you are certain that the brick slips are firmly attached.

Ensure that waterproofing membrane is properly returned and finished at window and door openings prior to fixing the brick cladding system.



POINTING

MORTAR

Eurobrick Systems Europoint mortar is specially formulated and packaged in easy to use 25kg bags.

MIXING MORTAR

Mortar is easily mixed in a 25 litre bucket, using an electric drill with a "paddle" mixer attachment. The consistency should be slightly wetter than standard mortar. We recommend about 4–4.5 litres of water per 25kg bag. A final test of proper consistency is the flow of the mortar from the grout bag; it should flow slowly from the tip in drops.

FILLING THE POINTING BAG

Roll back the top edge of the pointing bag once to create as large an opening as possible. With a scoop, fill the bag 2/3 full being careful not to get any mortar on the top edge of the bag. After filling the bag hold it just above the fill point with one hand and twist with the other until the opening is closed tightly.

POINT THE JOINTS

Pointing mortar should not be applied in temperatures below 4°C.

TO APPLY MORTAR

- 1. Squeeze the bag with a slight twisting motion at the end to keep the bag firm at the tip.
- 2. Fill the horizontal or bed joints first.
- 3. Joints should be filled almost to the point of overflow. Ensure joints are properly filled with no voids or gaps.
- 4. Apply mortar to the vertical joints when the bag is about 1/4 full. It is easier to do all of the stopping and starting required for the short joints when the bag is not full.
- 5. For consistent finish, pointing of whole elevations should be completed on the same day, if possible.

IMPORTANT: Only point as large an area as can be tooled before the mortar becomes too stiff.



Applying mortar



Tooling

TOOLING THE JOINTS

Allow mortar to set until firm. It should have a dull finish, be moist but not wet and somewhat gritty. The mortar joint should be tooled to a "bucket handle finish" as can easily be achieved with a standard joint slicker tool.

With a joint tool or 18mm piece of pipe begin striking or tooling the bed joints first, and then the vertical joints. All mortar joints must be tightly sealed to the brick edge.

When tooling you may discover holes or voids in the mortar. Fill the holes with the mortar droppings and retool.

CAUTION: Do not tool the joint too soon or too deep. Tooling early will create a creamy surface on the mortar.

BRUSHING

After the joints have been tooled, the area must be brushed with a soft bristle brush.

Allow the area to dry until the excess mortar on the brick edges has dried. Brushing too soon will create permanent brush marks in the mortar.

Brushing should be done at a 45 degree angle to ensure that the mortar is not pulled away from the brick edges.



CAUTION: Newly pointed brickwork should be protected from frost or inclement weather with hessian or similar covering.



IMPORTANT! CLEANING

After job completion, it may be necessary to clean the brick. The initial clean should not take place sooner than 48 hours after pointing, using clean water and a hard bristle household brush. If further cleaning is required, use a proprietary brand masonry cleaner. Refer to the manufacturer's mixing instructions and precautionary steps before cleaning Eurobrick Systems.

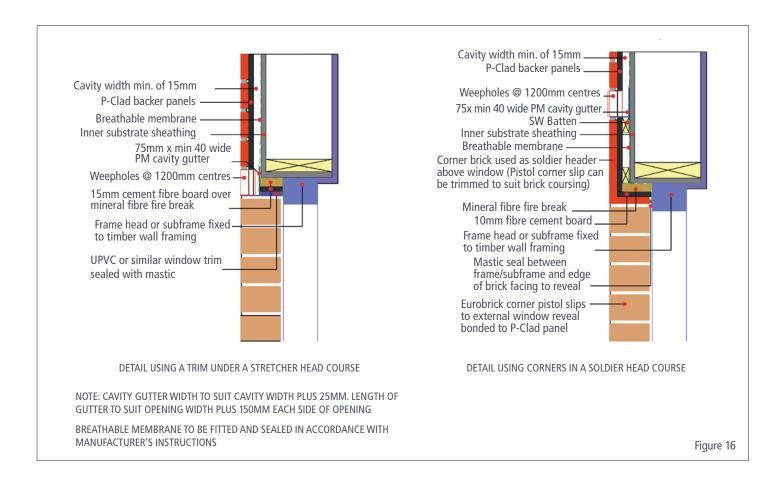
IMPORTANT: Do not begin cleaning until mortar has properly cured. Allow a minimum of 48 hours.

SEALING

To ensure weather tightness, all joints and abutments should be properly sealed as described throughout the installation guide.

TEST DATA

See British Board of Agrément Certificate No.13/5079. Tested for fire performance in accordance with BS 8414-2:2005 and found to comply with the requirements of BR135 Annex B:2013.



ACCESSORIES

All necessary accessories are available from stock. Please see our Accessories Leaflet for more details.

REMEMBER, ANY QUESTIONS WILL BE GLADLY ANSWERED BY OUR TECHNICAL SUPPORT DEPARTMENT



For more information please visit our website at www.eurobrick.co.uk

WARRANTY

Eurobrick Systems is warranted to be free from defects under a 25 year limited warranty (copy available upon request).

Our brick slips are kiln fired natural clay products and while every effort is made to ensure consistency, variations in size, colour shade and texture can occur.











VISIT OUR SHOWROOM

You can see all of our cladding systems and finishes at our showroom which is open to visitors Monday-Friday, 9am-4.30pm. An appointment is not necessary but if you would prefer to make one you can do so by calling us on **0117 971 7117**.



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As part of its continuing product development and improvement policy, Eurobrick Systems Ltd reserve the right to change product specifications without prior notice.

Terms and conditions apply, please see our website for more details.